

ANAPHYLAXIS MANAGEMENT POLICY

RATIONALE

Amsleigh Park Primary School will fully comply with Ministerial Order 706 and the associated Guidelines published and amended by the Department from time to time.

Anaphylaxis is a severe, rapidly progressive allergic reaction that is potentially life threatening. The most common allergens in school aged children are peanuts, eggs, tree nuts (e.g. cashews), cow's milk, fish and shellfish, wheat, soy, sesame, latex, certain insect stings and medication. The key to prevention of anaphylaxis in schools is knowledge of those students who have been diagnosed at risk, awareness of triggers (allergens), and prevention of exposure to these triggers. Partnerships between schools and parents are important in ensuring that certain foods or items are kept away from the student while at school. Adrenaline given through an EpiPen® or Anapen® auto injector to the muscle of the outer mid-thigh is the most effective first aid treatment for anaphylaxis.

GOALS

- Provide a safe and healthy school environment at Amsleigh Park Primary School that takes into consideration the needs of all students, including those who may suffer from anaphylaxis.
- ❖ Provide, as far as practicable, a safe and supportive environment in which students at risk of anaphylaxis can participate equally in all aspects of the student's schooling.
- ❖ Manage anaphylaxis effectively and efficiently as possible at school.
- **\$** Ensure open communication of children's anaphylaxis between parents and the school.
- * Raise awareness about anaphylaxis and the school's anaphylaxis management policy in the school community.
- ❖ Ensure that each staff member has adequate knowledge about allergies, anaphylaxis and the school's policy and procedures in responding to an anaphylactic reaction.

GUIDELINES

- This policy works in conjunction with the school's First Aid Policy.
- Detailed information regarding anaphylaxis can be located on the DET website at: http://www.education.vic.gov.au/school/principals/health/Pages/anaphylaxisschools.aspx

Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans

- The Principal will ensure that an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan is developed, in consultation with the student's Parents, for any student who has been diagnosed by a Medical Practitioner as being at risk of anaphylaxis.
- The individual anaphylaxis management plan will be in place as soon as practicable after the student enrols and where possible before their first day of school. The individual anaphylaxis management plan will set out the following:
 - Information about the diagnosis, including the type of allergy or allergies the student has (based on a diagnosis from a medical practitioner).
 - Strategies to minimise the risk of exposure to allergens while the student is under the care or supervision of school staff, for in-school and out of school settings including camps and excursions.
 - The name of the person/s responsible for implementing the strategies.
 - Information on where the student's medication will be stored.
 - The student's emergency contact details.
 - An emergency procedures plan (ASCIA Action Plan), provided by the parent, that sets out the emergency procedures to be taken in the event of an allergic reaction and signed by a

medical practitioner who was treating the child on the date the practitioner signs the emergency procedures plan; and

- Includes an up to date photograph of the student.
- School Staff will then implement and monitor the student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan.
- The student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be reviewed, in consultation with the student's Parents in all of the following circumstances:
 - annually;
 - if the student's medical condition, insofar as it relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, changes;
 - as soon as practicable after the student has an anaphylactic reaction at School; and
 - when the student is to participate in an off-site activity, such as camps and excursions, or at special events conducted, organised or attended by the School (eg. class parties, elective subjects, cultural days, fetes, incursions).
- The School's Anaphylaxis Management Policy must state that it is the responsibility of the Parents to:
 - provide the ASCIA Action Plan;
 - inform the School in writing if their child's medical condition, insofar as it relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, changes and if relevant, provide an updated ASCIA Action Plan;
 - provide an up to date photo for the ASCIA Action Plan when that Plan is provided to the School and when it is reviewed; and
 - provide the School with an Adrenaline Autoinjector that is current and not expired for their child.

Prevention Strategies

- This section should detail the Risk Minimisation and Prevention Strategies that your School will put in place for all relevant in-school and out-of-school settings which include (but are not limited to) the following:
 - during classroom activities (including class rotations, specialist and elective classes);
 - between classes and other breaks;
 - in canteens;
 - during recess and lunchtimes;
 - before and after school; and
 - special events including incursions, sports, cultural days, fetes or class parties, excursions and camps.

School Management and Emergency Response

- The School's Anaphylaxis Management Policy must include procedures for emergency response to anaphylactic reactions. The procedures should include the following:
 - a complete and up to date list of students identified as having a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction;
 - details of Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans and ASCIA Action Plans and where these can be located:
 - in a classroom;
 - in the school yard;

- in all school buildings and sites including gymnasiums and halls;
- on school excursions;
- on school camps; and
- at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school.
- Information about the storage and accessibility of Adrenaline Autoinjectors;
- how communication with School Staff, students and Parents is to occur in in accordance with a communications plan.

Adrenaline Autoinjectors for General Use

- The Principal will purchase Adrenaline Autoinjector(s) for General Use (purchased by the School) and as a back up to those supplied by Parents.
- The Principal will determine the number of additional Adrenaline Autoinjector(s) required. In doing so, the Principal will take into account the following relevant considerations:
 - the number of students enrolled at the School who have been diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis;
 - the accessibility of Adrenaline Autoinjectors that have been provided by Parents of students who have been diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis;
 - the availability and sufficient supply of Adrenaline Autoinjectors for General Use in specified locations at the School, including
 - in the school yard, and at excursions, camps and special events conducted or organised by the School; and
 - the Adrenaline Autoinjectors for General Use have a limited life, usually expiring within 12-18 months, and will need to be replaced at the School's expense, either at the time of use or expiry, whichever is first.

Communication Plan

- This section should set out a Communication Plan to provide information to all School Staff, students and Parents about anaphylaxis and the School's Anaphylaxis Management Policy.
- The Communication Plan must include strategies for advising School Staff, students and Parents about how to respond to an anaphylactic reaction by a student in various environments including:
 - during normal school activities including in the classroom, in the school yard, in all school buildings and sites including gymnasiums and halls; and
 - during off-site or out of school activities, including on excursions, school camps and at special events conducted or organised by the School.
- ❖ The Communication Plan must include procedures to inform volunteers and casual relief staff of students with a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction and their role in responding to an anaphylactic reaction by a student in their care.
- It is the responsibility of the Principal of the School to ensure that relevant School Staff are:
 - trained; and
 - briefed at least twice per calendar year.

Staff Training

- ❖ The following School Staff will be appropriately trained:
 - School Staff who conduct classes that students with a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction; and

- Any further School Staff that are determined by the Principal.
- ❖ The identified School Staff will undertake the following training:
 - an Anaphylaxis Management Training Course in the three years prior; and
 - participate in a briefing, to occur twice per calendar year (with the first briefing to be held at the beginning of the school year) on:
 - o the School's Anaphylaxis Management Policy;
 - o the causes, symptoms and treatment of anaphylaxis;
 - o the identities of the students with a medical condition that relates to an allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, and where their medication is located;
 - how to use an Adrenaline Autoinjector, including hands on practise with a trainer Adrenaline Autoinjector device;
 - o the School's general first aid and emergency response procedures; and
 - the location of, and access to, Adrenaline Autoinjector that have been provided by Parents or purchased by the School for general use.
- The briefing must be conducted by a member of School Staff who has successfully completed an Anaphylaxis Management Training Course in the last 12 months.
- ❖ In the event that the relevant training and briefing has not occurred, the Principal will develop an interim Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan in consultation with the Parents of any affected student with a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction. Training will be provided to relevant School Staff as soon as practicable after the student enrols, and preferably before the student's first day at School.
- ❖ The Principal will ensure that while the student is under the care or supervision of the School, including excursions, yard duty, camps and special event days, there is a sufficient number of School Staff present who have successfully completed an Anaphylaxis Management Training Course in the three years prior.

Annual Risk Management Checklist

The Principal will complete an annual Risk Management Checklist as published by the Department of Education and Early Childhood Development to monitor compliance with their obligations.

ACHIEVEMENT MEASURES

- EduSafe
- This policy will be reviewed as part of the school's three-year review cycle.

STATUS:

Reviewed: July 2015 Ratified: July 2015 Next Review: July 2018

CERTIFICATION

This policy was endorsed by School Council at the meeting held on Monday 20th July, 2015.